Sequence Models

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Backpack Models (Attention)

Slides adapted from Joshua Wagner, Matthias Assenmacher, Jay Alammar

History of attention

NEURAL MACHINE TRANSLATION BY JOINTLY LEARNING TO ALIGN AND TRANSLATE

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How to represent final state given previous words:

$$c = q(\{h_1, \dots, h_T\}) \tag{1}$$

New context vector is weighted sum of the hidden states:

$$c_t = \sum_{i=1}^{T_x} \alpha_{t,i} h_i.$$
⁽²⁾

Where the coefficients are

$$\alpha_{t,i} = a lign(y_t, x_i) = \frac{exp(score(s_{t-1}, h_i))}{\sum_{i'=1}^{n} exp(score(s_{t-1}, h_{i'}))}$$
(3)

History of attention

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Dzmitry Bahdanau Jacobs University Bremen, Germany



(1)

(2)

(3)

Attention Is All You Need

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Attention
$$(Q, K, V) = \operatorname{softmax}\left(\frac{QK^{\top}}{\sqrt{d_k}}\right)V$$
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Sentence: "That trick was sick"

that	trick	was	sick
$C(\text{that})_0$	$C(trick)_0$	$C(was)_0$	$C(sick)_0$
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- Each word has two sense vectors: $C(x_i)_1$ and $C(x_i)_2$.
- "that" and "was" have zero vectors for both senses.
- "trick" has a non-zero vector for C(trick)₁ at the third position (evokes scateboarding), while the second vector is zero.
- "sick" has two non-zero vectors: $C(sick)_1$ and $C(sick)_2$: positive for skateboard, negative for health.

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Selecting the sense

Recap: Definition of $\alpha_{\ell,i,j}$ **:**

$$\alpha_{\ell,i,j} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } j \neq i \\ \sum_{r \neq i} \frac{C(\mathbf{x}_r)_{\ell+2}}{C(\mathbf{x}_r)_2 + C(\mathbf{x}_r)_3} & \text{if } j = i \end{cases}$$

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How can you make this happen with attention?

Doing this with attention

What are the values?

What are the keys?

Doing this with attention

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(6)

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$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(6)

Putting it all together

(7)

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So summing over all senses, we get the sentiment 1000 (Only contributing from skateboard sense of "sick".

